British Veterinary Association/Kennel Club Elbow Dysplasia Scheme

British Veterinary Association Mansfield Street, London W1G 9NQ Telephone: 020 7908 6380



Section A				Breed Club Number		NOT REGISTERED	
KC Registe	red Name	RIPLEYS DO	ROTHY				
Breed	Australian Labradoodle	Sex	Female	Date of Birth	(07/2	2023	
Name of O	wner Judith	n Ripley					
Address							
Sire				_ DamRIPLE	EYS		
(a) The particu (b) This dog is (c) I give perm (d) I give perm (e) I give perm	hission for the results of hission for the results to	and relate to the dog r old and has not pre certificate to be sen the examination to be published and in	g submitted for rad eviously been grade t to the geneticist be used at a future cluded on the relev	ographic examination ed under this Scheme retained by the breed so date for the purpose of	statistical res	earch	
Owner / Ag	jent's Signature	Judith Riple	у		Da [·]	te	26/07/2024
Section B	tattoo number	2	_ Microchip/Tattoo confirmed _ Yes				
above was	at the radiograph taken on the follo ovisions of the El Notes	owing date and	in conformity				
roccure				26/07/2024			
Veterinary radiograph	surgeon submitti		rudy Langdale				
Address	Southern Can	ine Imaging, Ol	d Stables, Becl	<ford fareh<="" lane,="" td=""><td>AM, , PO17</td><td>7 6BH</td><td></td></ford>	AM, , PO17	7 6BH	
Veterinary Signature	surgeon's	Trudy Langda	le	F/MRCVS	Da	te	26/07/2024

Please submit the correct fee for the radiograph to be processed (cheques payable to BVA). For current fees contact BVA.

CERTIFICATE OF GRADING											
	RIGHT	LEFT									
GRADE (range 0-3)	0	0	NB The grades are based on a flexed lateral and neutral view of each elbow and represent the opinion of the BVA appointed scrutineers for the radiographs submitted. The lower grade, the less evidence of elbow dysplasia present. The overall grade given for both elbows is that given to the elbow with the highest grade. Please consult the current procedure notes for relevant details (available from BVA)								
OVERALL GRADE (max possible 3)	0										
(max possible 3)											

WE HEREBY CERTIFY that the score of the radiograph submitted for the dog identified above was produced using the grading criteria of the BVA/Kennel Club Elbow Dysplasia Scheme	Date	31/07/2024



You've received an elbow dysplasia grade for your dog – what next?

- If you haven't already done so, we always recommend discussing the result with your vet.
- Visit the CHS website to understand what the different elbow grades mean. You can also read the breed specific statistics. These show the results of all UK Kennel Club registered pedigree breeds that have been screened since 1999, as well as the most common crossbreeds and unrecognised breeds.
- We recommend only breeding from dogs that have an elbow grade of 0.

Understanding your results

The elbow grade on your certificate is determined by the higher of the two individual grades given for each elbow, based on the presence of primary lesions and the size and extent of the secondary lesions. Grades for each elbow are not added together as they are for the two hips in the Hip Dysplasia Scheme. Grading goes from 0 'normal' to 3 'severe osteoarthritis or primary lesion with osteoarthritis'. Ideally dogs with grade 0 elbows should be chosen and certainly dogs with grade 2 or 3 elbows should not be used for breeding.

Publication of your results

If your dog is registered with the UK Kennel Club, the results will also be published on **The Kennel Club website**.

What is elbow dysplasia?

Elbow dysplasia is a common inherited orthopaedic problem in dogs where the elbow doesn't develop properly. Elbow dysplasia includes a number of specific abnormalities or problems that affect different areas of the elbow joint. These cause problems by affecting the growth of the cartilage which forms the surface of the joint or the structures around it. Even a small change in the shape of one part of the joint can have major consequences for the joint function, leading to lameness (unable to walk correctly), osteoarthritis (a common form of arthritis), pain, and serious effects on the health, behaviour, and welfare of the dog.

Other schemes offered by CHS

Hip Dysplasia Scheme

The Scheme uses X-rays to screen for abnormalities (changes) in the hip joints. The radiographs are scored by an expert panel of veterinary surgeons otherwise known as Scrutineers. The scores can then be compared to the breed median, allowing breeders to make informed breeding decisions.

The Scheme is open to all dogs and breeds including crossbreeds, unrecognised breeds, and dogs not registered with The Kennel Club.

Hereditary Eye Disease Scheme

The Eye Scheme is a clinical eye examination carried out by expert veterinary ophthalmologists (eye specialist) to identify inherited and non-inherited eye conditions in dogs. The results of the examination should be used by breeders to make informed breeding decisions.

The Eye Scheme also offers Litter Screening for congenital hereditary conditions such as collie eye anomaly and multifocal retinal dysplasia when the puppies are 5 to 12 weeks old.

The Scheme is open to all dogs and breeds including crossbreeds and non-Kennel Club registered dogs. Download our leaflet on hereditary eye disease in dogs for more information on the conditions and the scheme.





The British Veterinary Association and The Kennel Club — working together for excellence in canine health